INSTRUCTIONS TO THE VOTER	For County Commissioner At	Constitutional Amendment
To vote for a group of presidential electors FILL IN the	Large You may vote for up to three or leave it blank.	Title: An Amendment to the South Dakota Constitution Authorizing the State to Impose a Work Requirement on Individuals Eligible for
oval (●) next to the names.	○ Charles J Johnson	Expanded Medicaid Benefits Attorney General Explanation:
Use only a pencil or pen.	Democratic Party	The Medicaid program is funded by the State an the federal government to provide medical cover for certain low-income people who qualify for the
If you make a mistake, give the ballot back and get a new one.	Adam Leighton Republican PartyDeb Reinicke Republican Party	for certain low-income people who qualify for the program. In 2022, the voters approved a Constitutional provision that expanded Medicaid eligibility for any person over age 18 and under 6
DO NOT cast more votes than are allowed in each race.	O Dennis Slaughter Republican Party	eligibility for any person over age 18 and under 6 whose income is at or below 133% of the federal poverty level, plus 5% of the federal poverty level the applicable family size.
For Presidential Electors You may vote for one slate or leave it blank.	NONPOLITICAL BALLOT	This constitutional amendment authorizes the SI to impose work requirements on any person elig to receive benefits under the expanded Medicale
	Supreme Court Justice Retention	program, except for those persons who are physically or mentally disabled. The amendment
 Harris & Walz Electors Democratic Party Mary Susanne Larson 	Vote on each justice. Shall the justice of the Supreme Court named on this ballot, whose term expires January 1, 2025, be retained in office?	does not identify any specific work requirement to may be imposed on those receiving expanded Medicaid benefits. Any work requirement proposed by the State must be approved by the federal government prior to implementation.
Donn Larson Larry Olsen	Justice Scott P. Myren, representing the Fifth Supreme Court District	○ Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the
Oliver & ter Maat Electors	○ Yes	amendment.
Libertarian Party Randy "Uriah" Luallin Gregory Baldwin Brian DeYoung	○ No	No Vote "No" to leave the Constitution as it is.
	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE VOTER:	
 Trump & Vance Electors Republican Party 	To vote on a ballot question FILL IN the oval (●) next to "yes" or "no".	
Marty Jackley Kristi Noem Larry Rhoden	DO NOT cast more votes than are allowed in each race.	
 Kennedy, Jr. & Shanahan 	Constitutional Amendments The following amendments to the State Constitution are submitted to the voters by the Legislature. The	
	amendments will not become effective unless approved by majority vote.	
Jordan Thomas Jared Degraaf Edward Dykstra	Constitutional Amendment E <u>Title:</u> An Amendment to the South Dakota	
INSTRUCTIONS TO THE VOTER To vote for a person FILL IN the	The South Dakota Constitution became effective	
To vote for a person FILL IN the	Certain Officeholders and Persons. Attorney General Explanation: The South Dakota Constitution became effective upon the State joining the United States in 1889. The generic male pronouns he, his, and him are used in the text of the State Constitution to reference certain officeholders or individuals. This amendment changes the text of the State	
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November 5, 2024 South Dakota **Lake County Initiated Measures** Referred Law INSTRUCTIONS TO THE VOTER: The following law was adopted by the Legislature and referred to the voters by petition. This referred measure will not become effective unless approved The following initiated measures were proposed by To vote on a ballot question **FILI** petition for submission to the voters. These initiated measures will not become effective unless approved IN the oval (●) next to "yes" or by majority vote. by majority vote. **Initiated Measure 28** Referred Law 21 DO NOT cast more votes than Title: An Initiated Measure Prohibiting Taxes on **Title:** A Referred Act to Provide New Statutory are allowed in each race. Anything Sold for Human Consumption. Requirements for Regulating Linear Transmission Facilities, to Allow Counties to Impose a Surcharge Constitutional Amendments Attorney General Explanation: on Certain Pipeline Companies, and to Establish a Currently, the State collects tax on the sale or use of The following amendments to the State Constitution are submitted to the voters by petition. The amendments will not become effective unless Landowner Bill of Rights. certain goods, including foods and drinks. Many municipalities also collect these taxes. Attorney General Explanation: The Act authorizes counties to impose, for any tax year in which the pipeline operator receives a tax credit, a \$1.00 per foot surcharge on carbon dioxide approved by majority vote. This initiated measure prohibits the State from collecting sales or use tax on anything sold for human consumption. The measure eliminates these **Constitutional Amendment G** pipelines. Revenue from the surcharge must be sources of revenue for the State. Title: An Initiated Amendment Establishing a Right distributed as tax relief to each property owner in the county where the pipeline is installed. Any remaining revenue can be allocated at each county's to Abortion in the State Constitution. Human consumption is not defined by state law. However, its common definition includes more than Attorney General Explanation: discretion. No other fee may be imposed except property taxes, or fees associated with road This initiated amendment establishes a constitutional foods and drinks. right to an abortion and provides a legal framework for the regulation of abortion. This framework would agreements. The measure does not prohibit the collection of sales or use tax on alcoholic beverages or prepared food. Prepared food is defined by law to include food that is sold heated or with utensils. override existing laws and regulations concerning The Act also imposes certain requirements on The Act also imposes certain requirements on carbon dioxide pipelines: pipelines must be installed to a minimum depth; each pipeline operator is responsible for damages to drain tile, and to the surface owner, caused by the pipeline; each operator is also responsible for leaks or failures of the pipeline; and any land agent acting on behalf of the pipeline must be a pipeline employee, State resident, or State licensed real estate agent. The Act also includes requirements that carbon pipeline easements be in writing and only enforceable for a The amendment establishes that during the first trimester a pregnant woman's decision to obtain an abortion may not be regulated nor may regulations be imposed on the carrying out of an abortion. The measure may affect the State's obligations under the tobacco master settlement agreement and the streamlined sales tax agreement. The master settlement agreement resulted from multi-state In the second trimester, the amendment allows the regulation of a pregnant woman's abortion decision, and the regulation of carrying out an abortion. Any regulation of a pregnant woman's abortion decision, or of an abortion, during the second trimester must be reasonably related to the physical health of the pregnant woman. lawsuits against cigarette manufacturers for the public health effects of smoking. South Dakota's annual share of the master settlement agreement is easements be in writing, and only enforceable for a specified period of time; pipeline operators must initiate business operations within five years of the approximately \$20 million. The streamlined sales tax agreement is a multistate program designed to simplify the collection of sales and use tax for easement; and each easement is void after five companies selling in multiple jurisdictions. years of nonuse. In the third trimester, the amendment allows the regulation or prohibition of abortion except in those cases where the abortion is necessary to preserve the life or health of the pregnant woman. Whether an abortion is necessary during the third trimester must be determined by the pregnant woman's physician according to the physician's medical judgment. Judicial or legislative clarification of the measure will be necessary. ○ Yes Vote "Yes" to allow the Act of Fiscal Note: the Legislature to become law. Beginning July 1, 2025, the State could see a reduction in sales tax revenues of \$123.9 million annually from no longer taxing the sale of anything O No Vote "No" to reject the Act of sold for human consumption, except alcoholic beverages and prepared food. Municipalities could continue to tax anything sold for human consumption. the Legislature. Judicial clarification of the amendment may be necessary. The Legislature cannot alter the provisions of a constitutional amendment. ○ Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the initiated measure. Vote "Yes" to adopt the ○ Yes amendment. \bigcirc No Vote "No" to leave South Dakota law as it is. ○ No Vote "No" to leave the Constitution as it is. **Initiated Measure 29** <u>Title:</u> An Initiated Measure Legalizing the Recreational Use, Possession, and Distribution of Constitutional Amendment H Title: An Amendment to the South Dakota Marijuana. Attorney General Explanation:
This initiated measure allows individuals 21 years of age or older to possess, grow, ingest, and distribute marijuana or marijuana paraphernalia. Individuals may possess up to two ounces of marijuana in a form other than marijuana concentrate or other marijuana products. Individuals may possess up to six marijuana plants with no more than twelve plants per household. The measure also places limits on the possession of other forms of marijuana and marijuana products. Constitution Establishing Top-Two Primary Elections Attorney General Explanation: Currently, to appear on the general election ballot, major party candidates for the following offices must participate in a partisan primary election: Governor, State Legislature, U.S. Senate and House of Representatives, and elected county offices. Only members of the candidate's party may yet for that members of the candidate's party may vote for that candidate unless that party has opened the primary to voters not affiliated with the party. marijuana products. Under the measure, the possession, ingestion, and distribution of marijuana and marijuana paraphernalia remains illegal for individuals under the age of 21. Driving under the influence of marijuana remains illegal. Minor party candidates may be chosen by primary or party convention. Unaffiliated candidates (independents) are only required to file nominating petitions to appear on the general election ballot. The measure restricts where individuals may For the listed offices, this amendment requires one primary election wherein all candidates run against possess or consume marijuana, such as schools or where tobacco is prohibited. each other in their respective races, including major The measure allows employers to restrict an and minor party and unaffiliated candidates. A candidate may list any party next to their name on the ballot regardless of party affiliation or registration. employee's use of marijuana. Property owners may All voters may vote for any candidate. The two candidates receiving the most votes advance to the general election. If there is more than one candidate The measure does not affect State laws dealing with hemp. It also does not change laws concerning the to be elected to an office, the number of candidates State's medical marijuana program. advancing to the general election is twice the The measure legalizes marijuana-derived number to be elected. substances considered felony controlled substances Primary elections may be held for other offices. under State law. Marijuana remains illegal under The amendment may be challenged on Judicial or legislative clarification of this measure constitutional grounds. may be necessary. Fiscal Note: Fiscal Note: Open primaries would require printing additional ballots at a cost of \$0.47 per ballot. The additional cost statewide to counties would currently be approximately \$23,667 for each primary election. The share of the total cost for each county will vary. There takes and municipalities would collect minimal additional sales tax revenue, as the measure wo not decriminalize the sale of cannabis but would decriminalize the sale of cannabis accessories. The state and municipalities would collect minimal additional sales tax revenue, as the measure would is no expected cost to state government. Counties could see incarceration expenses reduced by \$581,556 every year. Yes Vote "Yes" to adopt the Vote "Yes" to adopt the ○ Yes initiated measure. amendment. ○ No ○ No Vote "No" to leave the Vote "No" to leave South Constitution as it is. Dakota law as it is. Go to top of next column Go to top of next column Turn page Typ:01 Seq:0001 Spl:01